Financial Report

City of Port Colborne

December 31, 2021

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Grant Thornton LLP Suite B 222 Catharine Street, PO Box 336 Port Colborne, ON L3K 5W1

T +1 905 834 3651 F +1 905 834 5095 E PortColborne@ca.gt.com www.GrantThornton.ca

# Independent auditor's report

# To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Taxpayers of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne ("the Municipality"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations, its changes in its net financial assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter – Restated Comparative Information**

We draw attention to Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, which explains that certain comparative information presented for the year ended December 31, 2020 has been restated. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Municipality and the organizations it controls to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Grant Thornton LLP

Port Colborne, Canada October 11, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

### City of Port Colborne Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2021

Financial assets	<u>202</u>	<u>1</u> <u>2020</u> (As restated) (Note 2)
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 18,276,83	<b>0</b> \$ 11,178,482
Portfolio investments (Note 4)	4,520,39	
Taxes receivable	3,827,77	
User charges receivable	1,681,55	
Other receivables	5,026,22	
Asset held for sale	266,41	<u> </u>
Liabilities	33,599,19	<u>6</u> <u>27,770,922</u>
Payables and accruals	4,715,24	<b>5</b> 5,147,055
Other liabilities	2,601,89	
Deferred revenue (Note 6)	3,002,94	
Long term debt (Note 7)	28,855,94	
Employee benefit obligations (Notes 8 and 17)	9,804,90	<b>0</b> 9,438,200
	48,980,93	<b>3</b> 49,187,165
Net debt	<u>(15,381,73</u>	<b>7)</b> (21,416,243)
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Note 9)	133,409,53	<b>2</b> 135,422,460
Prepaid expenses	486,44	
		<u> </u>
	133,895,97	7 136,224,439
Accumulated surplus (Note 10)	<u>\$ 118,514,24</u>	<b>0</b> \$ 114,808,196

Contingencies (Notes 21 and 22) Commitments (Note 23) Impacts of COVID-19 (Note 26) Subsequent event (Note 27)

Approved by

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Chief Administrative Officer

Director, Corporate Services/Treasurer

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

### City of Port Colborne Consolidated Statement of Operations

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budget <u>2021</u> (Note 25)	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u> (As restated) (Note 2)
Revenues Taxation (Note 12) User charges (Note 14) Government transfers (Note 15) Penalties and interest Investment income Other (Note 16)	<pre>\$ 21,157,645 14,297,472 3,978,515 523,498 105,000 1,252,500</pre>	\$ 21,171,858 14,984,418 5,308,871 640,250 155,772 1,297,118	<pre>\$ 19,763,302 12,439,426 4,920,292 466,024 223,743 1,933,147</pre>
<b>Expenses</b> General government Protection to persons and property Transportation services Environmental services Health services Recreation and culture services Planning and development	41,314,630 5,149,209 4,815,366 8,156,096 12,138,511 193,821 10,111,504 745,904	43,558,287 5,241,435 5,175,456 7,976,185 11,151,156 114,625 8,964,962 1,228,424	<u>5,756,417</u> 4,713,803 7,569,845 11,096,244 123,011 8,775,742 1,000,559
Annual surplus	<u>41,310,411</u> <u>4,219</u>	<u>39,852,243</u> <u>3,706,044</u>	<u>39,035,621</u> 710,313
Accumulated surplus (Note 10) Beginning of year As previously stated Prior period adjustment (Note 2) As restated End of year	114,808,196 - - 114,808,196 \$ 114,812,415	115,527,410 (719,214) <u>114,808,196</u> \$ 118,514,240	114,817,097 (719,214) 114,097,883 \$ 114,808,196

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

# **City of Port Colborne Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt** For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budget <u>2021</u> (Note 25)	Actual <u>2021</u>		Actual <u>2020</u>
Annual surplus	\$ 4,219	\$ 3,706,044	\$	710,313
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets Proceeds from disposal of tangible	5,719,639 (3,730,738) -	5,719,689 (4,056,276) (64,000)		5,652,879 (3,015,630) -
capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	 -	 596,216 <u>(182,701)</u>		705,494 <u>(618,692)</u>
	1,993,120	5,718,972		3,434,364
Usage of prepaid expenses	 	 315,534		298,816
Decrease in net debt	1,993,120	6,034,506		3,733,180
Net debt Beginning of year	 <u>(21,416,243)</u>	 <u>(21,416,243)</u>		<u>(25,149,423)</u>
End of year	\$ (19,423,123)	\$ (15,381,737)	Þ	(21,410,243)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### City of Port Colborne Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		
Operating activities		
Annual surplus Non-cash items:	\$ 3,706,044	\$ 710,313
Amortization of tangible capital assets	5,719,689	5,652,879
Contributed tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	(64,000) (182,701)	- (618,692)
Decrease (increase) in taxes receivable Decrease (increase) in user charges receivable	422,640 390,901	(736,904) (48,195)
Increase in other receivables	(1,376,449)	(80,449)
Increase in asset held for sale Decrease in payables and accruals	(266,417) (431,810)	- (1,355,767)
Increase in other liabilities Increase in deferred revenue	493,496	582,896
Decrease in prepaid expenses	 837,685 <u>315,534</u>	166,411 298,816
	9,564,612	4,571,308
Capital activities		 
Proceeds from disposal of tangible capital assets	596,216	705,494
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	 (4,056,276)	 (3,015,630)
	 (3,460,060)	 (2,310,136)
Financing activities		
Issue of long term debt Repayment of long term debt	- (1,439,543)	5,000,000 (1,975,452)
Repayment of capital lease obligation	(32,760)	(81,473)
Increase in employee benefit obligation	 366,700	 312,900
	 (1,105,603)	 3,255,975
Investing activities		
Disposal of portfolio investments, net	 2,099,399	 4,458,303
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	7,098,348	9,975,450
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	44 470 400	4 000 000
Beginning of year	 11,178,482	 1,203,032
End of year	\$ 18,276,830	\$ 11,178,482

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 1. Significant accounting policies

#### Management responsibility

The consolidated financial statements of the City of Port Colborne ("Municipality") are the responsibility of and prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

### (a) Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the financial assets, liabilities, non-financial assets, revenues, expenses and changes in accumulated surplus of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations and enterprises accountable for the administration of their affairs and resources to the Municipality and which are owned or controlled by the Municipality. In addition to general government tax-supported operations, they include the following:

Port Colborne Public Library Board Port Colborne Downtown Development Board Port Colborne Main Street Business Improvement Area Niagara's South Coast Tourism Association

Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

The following joint local board is proportionally consolidated:

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission (Joint Board)

Related party transactions are eliminated (Note 18).

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties (Note 19).

#### (b) Basis of accounting

Sources of revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenues in the period they are earned and measurable and expenses in the period the goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred.

#### (c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and temporary investments include cash on hand, balances with banks and guaranteed investment certificates that mature within one year.

#### (d) Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments are valued at the lower of cost and market value. Interest income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (e) Deferred revenue

Resources restricted by agreement with an external party are recognized as revenue in the entity's financial statements in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified. An externally restricted inflow received before this criterion has been met is recorded as a liability until the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified.

### (f) Employee future benefits

The present value of the cost of providing employees with future benefit programs is expensed as employees earn these entitlements through service.

#### (g) Contaminated sites liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when a site is not in productive use and all the following criteria are met:

- an environmental standard exists;
- contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- the Municipality:

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- is directly responsible; or
- accepts responsibility;
- it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The liability is recognized as management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring that are an integral part of the remediation strategy for a contaminated site.

### (h) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Cost includes all directly attributable expenses in the acquisition, construction, development and/or betterment of the asset required to install the asset at the location and in the condition necessary for its intended use. Contributed tangible capital assets are capitalized at their estimated fair value upon acquisition. The Municipality does not capitalize interest as part of the costs of its capital assets.

Works of art for display in municipal property are not included as capital assets. The works of art are held for exhibition, educational and historical interest. Such assets are deemed worthy of preservation because of the social rather than financial benefits they provide to the community. The cost of art is not determinable or relevant to their significance. No valuation of the collection has been conducted or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (h) Tangible capital assets (continued)

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases that transfer substantially all benefits incidental to ownership are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis to write-off the net cost of each asset over its estimated useful life for all classes except land. Land is considered to have an infinite life without amortization. Residual values of assets are assumed to be zero with any net gain or loss arising from the disposal of assets recognized in the consolidated statement of operations as "other revenues". Half-year amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Amortization is based on the following classifications and useful lives:

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Land improvements Buildings Leasehold improvements Vehicles Office equipment and furniture and fixtures Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	10-100 years 20-50 years 20-50 years 10-20 years 5-10 years 3-30 years 10-100 years

### (i) Subdivision infrastructure

Subdivision streets, lighting, sidewalks, drainage and other infrastructure are required to be provided by subdivision developers. Upon completion they are turned over to the Municipality and recorded as tangible capital assets. The Municipality is not involved in the construction.

### (j) Revenue recognition

### i) Taxation

Property tax billings are prepared by the Municipality based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation ("MPAC"). Tax rates are established annually by Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services and amounts the Municipality is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes. Realty taxes are billed based on the assessment rolls provided by MPAC. Taxation revenues are recorded at the time tax billings are issued.

A normal part of the assessment process is the issue of supplementary assessment rolls which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessment.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (j) Revenue recognition (continued)

### i) **Taxation** (continued)

Once a supplementary roll is received, the Municipality determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings. Assessments of the related property taxes are subject to appeal. Any supplementary billing adjustments made necessary by the determination of such changes will be recognized in the fiscal year they are determined and the effect shared with the school boards, as appropriate.

### ii) User charges

User charges are recognized when the services are performed or goods are delivered and there is reasonable assurance of collection.

### iii) Government transfers

Government transfers received are recognized in the financial statements as revenue when the transfers are authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met except when there is a stipulation that gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. In that case, the transfer is recorded as a liability and recognized as revenue as the stipulations are met. Government transfers to individuals and other entities are recognized as an expense when the transfers are authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met.

### iv) Other

Other revenue is recorded when it is earned and collection is reasonably assured.

### (k) Reserves for future expenses

Certain amounts, as approved by Municipal Council, are set aside in reserves and reserve funds for future operating and capital expenses.

### (I) Local improvements

The Municipality records capital expenses funded by local improvement agreements as they are incurred. Revenues are recognized in the year they become payable.

### (m) Region and school board transactions

The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards and the Region of Niagara are not reflected in the accumulated surplus of these consolidated financial statements.

### (n) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Two areas in which management make estimates are with regards to an allowance for uncollectible taxes receivable and obligations for employee benefits.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 2. Prior period adjustment

During the year, management discovered that four parcels of land were disposed of and had not been recorded when the City sold the properties in years prior to 2020. Management also discovered that two parcels of land vested to the City in years prior to 2020 had not been recorded as land additions by the City in those years.

As a result of the errors, the following financial statement items have been decreased as follows:

	Previousl reported	Adjustments	As restated
<u>Consolidated Statement of Financial Position</u> <u>As at December 31, 2020</u>			
<b>Non-financial assets</b> Tangible capital assets (Note 9) Accumulated surplus (Note 10)	\$ 136,141,674 115,527,410	(719,214) (719,214)	135,422,460 114,808,196
<u>Consolidated Statement of Operations</u> For the Year Ended December 31, 2020			
<b>Accumulated surplus</b> Beginning of year End of year	114,817,097 115,527,410	(719,214) (719,214)	114,097,883 114,808,196
3. Cash and cash equivalents		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Cash on hand Bank balances		\$ 3,550 18,273,280	\$ 3,550 <u>11,174,932</u>
		\$ 18,276,830	\$ 11,178,482

### 4. Portfolio investments

Guaranteed investment certificates carry an effective interest rate from 0.75% to 1.24% with maturity dates ranging between June, 2022 to June, 2023. Interest is receivable on maturity. Carrying value approximates market value.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 5. Bank indebtedness

An operating line of credit of \$ 4,000,000 has been established with the CIBC, of which \$ Nil (2020 - \$ Nil) was used at December 31, 2021. An executed borrowing by-law in form and content satisfactory to CIBC is in effect to a limit of \$ 4,000,000. Interest is calculated at prime minus 0.50%. Overdrafts outstanding under the line of credit are converted to a promissory note at the CIBC's request which has not been enacted.

6. Deferred revenue		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Development Charges Act Parkland Federal gas tax Ontario Community Infrastructure Fund	\$	167,224 475,402 1,400,270 960,045	\$	79,603 260,110 1,069,588 755,955
	\$	3,002,941	\$	2,165,256
The continuity of deferred revenue is made up of the following:				
Balance, beginning of year	<u>\$</u>	2,165,256	<u>\$</u>	1,998,845
Contributions from Development charges Interest earned Government transfers received Federal Provincial		298,149 25,063 1,138,702 <u>418,769</u>		126,629 35,225 555,335 418,760
Utilized for Tangible capital asset acquisitions Operations	_	<u>1,880,683</u> (1,042,998) -		1,135,949 (954,538) (15,000)
Balance, end of year	\$	(1,042,998) 3,002,941	\$	(969,538) 2,165,256

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

7. Long te	m debt		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
consolid	nce of net long term debt reported on the ated statement of financial position is of the following:				
payment certain Niagara.	icipality has assumed responsibility for the of principal and interest charges on ong term debt issued by the Region of At the end of the year, the outstanding amount of this debt is	\$	28,830,632	\$	30,270,175
		Ŧ	_0,000,000_	Ψ	
Capital I	ease obligations	_	25,317		58,077
Net long	term debt	\$	28,855,949	\$	30,328,252
(b) The net	ong term debt is made up of the following:				
Debenture Ty	e Interest Rate Maturity Date		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Serial Amortizer Serial Amortizer Amortizer Amortizer Amortizer Amortizer Amortizer Amortizer Capital leases	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	\$	502,255 1,166,000 441,990 523,996 1,620,573 381,421 1,547,972 12,648,025 5,115,906 4,882,494 25,317	\$	60,782 826,161 1,441,000 502,298 560,747 1,709,219 399,395 1,594,428 12,945,616 5,230,529 5,000,000 58,077
		\$	28,855,949	\$	30,328,252

(c) Principal repayments in each of the next five years are due as follows:

2024       1,154,60         2025       1,190,99         2026       917,33
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(d) The Municipality paid \$ 962,338 (2020 - \$ 914,835) interest on long term debt during the year.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

8. Employee benefit obligations	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Workplace Safety and Insurance Board future benefits Vested sick leave benefits Retirement benefits	\$ 2,348,000 \$ 332,200 7,124,700	5 2,309,300 295,200 6,833,700
Less: benefits funded by future liabilities reserve	\$ 9,804,900 <u>(1,684,253)</u> 8,120,647 \$	9,438,200 (1,355,755) 6 8,082,445

### (a) Workplace Safety and Insurance Board future benefits

The City of Port Colborne is a Workplace Safety and Insurance Board ("WSIB") Schedule 2 employer.

In 2021, an actuarial estimate of future liabilities has been completed and forms the basis for the estimated liability reported in these financial statements. During the year \$ 154,745 (2020 - \$ 216,923) was paid by the City to the WSIB in relation to these benefits.

The accrued benefit obligation at December 31, 2021 of \$ 2,348,000 (2020 - \$ 2,309,300) was determined by an actuarial valuation using a discount rate of 2.90% (2020 - 2.90%).

The most recent actuarial valuation was prepared at December 31, 2019.

The main actuarial assumptions employed above are as follows (where applicable):

(i) Interest (discount) rate

The obligations as at December 31, 2021 of the present value of future liabilities were determined using a discount rate of 2.90% (2020 - 2.90%).

(ii) Future benefit indexing rate

The rates used for loss of earnings benefits and pension and survivors benefits are assumed to be 2.00% per annum. The rate for health benefits is assumed to be 4.00% per annum.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 8. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

### (a) Workplace Safety and Insurance Board future benefits (continued)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Accrued benefit obligation Beginning of year Benefit payments Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial loss	\$ 2,309,300 (210,700) 169,000 71,200 9,200	\$ 2,272,200 (206,600) 164,200 70,300 9,200
	\$ 2,348,000	\$ 2,309,300
Funded status Deficit Unamortized actuarial loss	\$ (73,300)	\$ 2,391,800 (82,500)
	\$ 2,348,000	\$ 2,309,300
The net benefit expense is as follows:		
Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial loss	\$ 169,000 71,200 9,200	\$ 164,200 70,300 9,200
	\$ 249,400	\$ 243,700

### (b) Vested sick leave benefits

Under the sick leave benefit plan for employees of the Port Colborne Firefighters' Association, sick leave can accumulate and employees may become entitled to a cash payment upon leaving the Municipality's employment.

The accrued benefit obligation at December 31, 2021 of \$ 332,200 (2020 - \$ 295,200) was determined by an actuarial valuation using a discount rate of 2.90% (2020 - 2.90%).

The most recent actuarial valuation for the vested sick leave was prepared at December 31, 2019.

The main actuarial assumptions employed for the vested sick leave and retirement benefits valuations above are as follows (where applicable):

(i) Interest (discount) rate

The obligations as at December 31, 2021 of the present value of future liabilities were determined using a discount rate of 2.90% (2020 - 2.90%).

(ii) Salary increase rate

The rate used to increase salaries is assumed to be 3.00% (2020 - 3.00%) per annum. This rate reflects management's best estimate of future salary increases.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 8. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

### (b) Vested sick leave benefits (continued)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Accrued benefit obligation Beginning of year Benefit payments Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial loss	\$ 295,200 (8,900) 32,100 10,300 <u>3,500</u>	\$ 306,200 (55,700) 31,200 10,000 <u>3,500</u>
	\$ 332,200	\$ 295,200
Funded status Deficit Unamortized actuarial loss	\$ 361,900 (29,700)	\$ 328,400 (33,200)
	\$ 332,200	\$ 295,200
The net benefit expense is as follows:		
Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial loss	\$ 32,100 10,300 <u>3,500</u>	\$ 31,200 10,000 <u>3,500</u>
	\$ 45,900	\$ 44,700

During the year \$ Nil (2020 - \$ Nil) was paid to employees who left the Municipality's employment.

### (c) Retirement benefits

The City of Port Colborne pays certain retirement benefits on behalf of its retired employees. The City of Port Colborne recognizes these retirement costs in the period in which the employees rendered the services. The plan is substantially unfunded and requires no contributions from employees.

The accrued benefit obligation at December 31, 2021 of \$7,124,700 (2020 - \$6,833,700) was determined by an actuarial valuation using a discount rate of 2.90% (2020 - 2.90%).

The City's obligation under the retirement provision of employment agreements will be funded out of current revenue. During the year benefit payments of \$ 372,400 (2020 - \$ 358,700) were paid to retirees.

Actuarial valuations for accounting purposes are performed every three years using the projected benefit method, pro-rated on service. Under this method, the projected retirement benefits are deemed to be earned on a pro-rate basis over the employee's years of service.

The most recent actuarial valuation for the retirement benefits was prepared at December 31, 2019.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 8. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

### (c) Retirement benefits (continued)

The main actuarial assumptions employed for retirement benefits valuation above are as follows (where applicable):

#### (i) Interest (discount) rate

The obligations as at December 31, 2021 of the present value of future liabilities were determined using a discount rate of 2.90% (2020 - 2.90%).

(ii) Medical costs

Drug costs were assumed to be 7.13% in 2021 (2020 - 7.30%) and decrease 0.175% per year until 2036 when the rate will be 4.50% and continue thereafter.

Vision costs were assumed to be 1.25% in 2021 (2020 - 1.50%) and decrease 0.25% per year until 2026 when the rate will be 0% and continue thereafter.

Other health costs were assumed to be 4.50% in 2021 (2020 - 4.50%) and continue thereafter.

(iii) Dental costs

Dental costs were assumed to be 5.06% in 2021 (2020 - 5.25%) and decrease 0.1875% per year until 2024 when the rate will be 4.50% and continue thereafter.

Accrued benefit obligation	•	<u>2021</u>	<b>*</b>	<u>2020</u>
Beginning of year Benefit payments	\$	6,833,700 (372,400)		6,546,900 (358,700)
Current service cost		391,900		(338,700) 380,900
Interest cost		213,200		206,300
Amortization of actuarial loss		58,300		58,300
	\$	7,124,700	\$	6,833,700
Funded status				
Deficit	\$	7,376,800	\$	7,144,100
Unamortized actuarial loss		(252,100)		(310,400)
	\$	7,124,700	\$	6,833,700
The net benefit expense is as follows:				
Current service cost	\$	391,900	\$	380,900
Interest cost		213,200		206,300
Amortization of actuarial loss		58,300		58,300
	\$	663,400	\$	645,500

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 9. Tangible capital assets

		Land	Land Improvements		Buildings and Leaseholds	Furniture and <u>Vehicles Equipment Int</u>		Infrastructure	Construction in Process		<u>2021</u>		
Cost													
Beginning of year	\$	4,854,479	\$ 18,942,276	\$	60,133,074	\$ 5,136,268	\$	9,683,598	\$	128,132,286	\$	1,405,364 <b>\$</b>	228,287,345
Additions		266,423	539,322		492,379	557,521		647,720		1,302,951		466,605	4,272,921
Disposals		(381,473)	 	_	(600,581)	 -		(276,418)		(329,934)		(152,645)	<u>(1,741,051)</u>
End of year		4,739,429	 19,481,598		60,024,872	 5,693,789		10,054,900		129,105,303		1,719,324	230,819,215
Accumulated amortiz	zation												
Beginning of year		-	9,439,936		17,914,876	3,062,204		5,643,009		56,804,860		-	92,864,885
Amortization		-	587,916		1,720,803	318,806		732,508		2,359,656		-	5,719,689
Amortization													
on disposals		_	 		<u>(571,555)</u>	 _		(276,418)		(326,918)			(1,174,891 <u>)</u>
End of year			 10,027,852		19,064,124	 3,381,010		6,099,099		58,837,598		-	97,409,683
Net book value	\$	4,739,429	\$ 9,453,746	\$	40,960,748	\$ 2,312,779	\$	3,955,801	\$	70,267,705	\$	1,719,324 \$	133,409,532

The value of contributed tangible capital assets during the year is \$ 64,000.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 9. Tangible capital assets (continued)

		<u>Land</u>	Land Improvements	Buildings and <u>Leaseholds</u>		<u>Vehicles</u>	Furniture and Equipment Infras		Infrastructure	Construction in Process		<u>2020</u> (As restated) (Note 2)	
Cost													
Beginning of year													
As previously													
stated	\$	5,617,498	\$ 18,625,163	\$ 59,902,611	\$	5,045,158	\$	9,113,110	\$	127,071,527	\$	1,242,665 \$	226,617,732
Prior period													
adjustment		(719,214)	 	 	_	-		_		-			(719,214)
As restated		4,898,284	18,625,163	59,902,611		5,045,158		9,113,110		127,071,527		1,242,665	225,898,518
Additions		-	317,113	230,463		125,394		848,103		1,331,858		162,699	3,015,630
Disposals		(43,805)	 	 	_	(34,284)		(277,615)		(271,099)			(626,803)
End of year		4,854,479	 18,942,276	 60,133,074		5,136,268		9,683,598		128,132,286		1,405,364	228,287,345
Accumulated amorti	zation												
Beginning of year		-	8,849,423	16,213,856		2,789,286		5,175,322		54,724,120		-	87,752,007
Amortization		-	590,513	1,701,020		307,202		705,064		2,349,080		-	5,652,879
Amortization													
on disposals			 	 		(34,284)		(237,377)		(268,340)		-	(540,001)
End of year			 9,439,936	 17,914,876		3,062,204		5,643,009		56,804,860		-	92,864,885
Net book value	\$	4,854,479	\$ 9,502,340	\$ 42,218,198	\$	2,074,064	\$	4,040,589	\$	71,327,426	\$	1,405,364 \$	135,422,460

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Accumulated surplus		<u>2021</u>	(As res (N	2020 tated) ote 2)
S	urpluses (deficits) Operating Port Colborne Public Library Board Port Colborne Downtown Development Board Port Colborne Main Street Business Improvement Area Niagara's South Coast Tourism Association Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission (Note 18)	\$	(336,002) - 52,274 32,205 2,336 (16,737)	2	- 40,619 26,095 (1,410) <u>37,948)</u>
	Investment in tangible capital assets		(265,924) 133,409,532		<u>27,356</u> 22,460
_	nfunded liabilities Long term debt Employee benefit obligations eserves and reserve funds (Note 11)		(28,855,949) (9,804,900) (38,660,849) 24,031,481 118,514,240	(30,32 (9,43 (39,76 19,12	28,252) 38,200) 56,452) 24,832
	Reserves and reserve funds	`our	<u>2021</u>	ent	2020
Board C Li Li Li Li	ls and committees ommunity Safety Committee brary bequest brary future liabilities brary capital brary rant Committee	\$	4,947 4,188 54,129 135,519 45,415 13,000	\$ 12	3,947 4,188 54,129 20,712 52,602 12,250

Boards and committees		
Community Safety Committee	\$ 4,947	\$ 3,947
Library bequest	4,188	4,188
Library future liabilities	54,129	54,129
Library capital	135,519	120,712
Library	45,415	52,602
Grant Committee	13,000	12,250
Local Architectural Conservation Advisory Committee	11,184	10,184
Mayors Youth Council Committee	4,217	3,217
Seniors Advisory Committee	5,242	4,392
Niagara's South Coast Tourism Association	63,952	35,402
Museum bequests	78,827	51,473
Museum capital	 31,667	 31,667
	 452,287	 384,163

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

11. Reserves and reserve funds (continued)	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Programs, grants and activities Canada Summer Games Canal Days CIP incentives Municipal elections Roselawn Transit	45,000 175,000 110,054 118,588 679,299 211,508	30,000 50,000 110,054 90,585 679,299 166,078
i i anot	1,339,449	1,126,016
Self sustaining entities Building department Nickel Beach Overholt cemetery Marina	168,151 278,966 130,000 <u>(46,579)</u> <u>530,538</u>	83,220 212,729 23,397 (192,099) 127,247
General government Encumbrance Future liabilities Opportunity Fund Subject matter experts General stabilization Working capital Economic development	351,906 1,684,253 2,000,000 208,598 2,240,562 2,187,400 <u>466,525</u> <u>9,139,244</u>	197,285 1,355,755 2,000,000 208,598 2,240,562 2,018,700 - - 8,020,900
Capital and related projects Drains Facilities Fleet and equipment Goderich maintenance Infrastructure Storm sewer Wastewater Water	(71,855) 131,386 704,237 43,921 2,436,082 116,975 1,061,002 <u>324,295</u> 4,746,043	343,955 131,386 704,237 83,852 2,441,383 235,832 84,936 900,730 4,926,311
Allocated capital and related projects	7,823,920	4,540,195
Total reserves and reserve funds	<u>\$24,031,481</u> \$	19,124,832

The marina reserve of \$ (46,579) represents a reserve of \$ 175,853 less internal financing of \$ (367,952). The drains reserve of \$ (71,855) represents a reserve of \$ 413,988 less internal financing of \$ (488,365).

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

12. Taxation	Budget <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>
Real property From other governments Payments in lieu of taxes		\$ 40,869,587 469,350	\$ 39,544,008 462,507
		41,338,937	40,006,515
Less: taxation collected on behalf of (Note 13): Region of Niagara School boards		15,388,896 <u>4,778,183</u>	15,010,032 5,233,181
		20,167,079	20,243,213
Net taxes available for municipal purposes		<u>\$ 21,171,858</u>	\$ 19,763,302
Residential, multi-residential and farm Commercial and industrial	\$ 16,240,564 4,917,081	\$ 16,238,097 <u>4,933,761</u>	\$ 15,149,789 <u>4,613,513</u>
Net taxes available for municipal purposes	\$ 21,157,645	\$ 21,171,858	\$ 19,763,302

### 13. Collections for the Region of Niagara and school boards

Total taxation and development charges received or receivable on behalf of the Region of Niagara and the school boards were as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Region of Niagara School boards	\$ 15,388,896 4,778,183	\$ 15,010,032 5,233,181
	\$ 20,167,079	\$ 20,243,213

The Municipality is required to levy and collect taxes on behalf of the Region of Niagara and the school boards. The taxes levied over (under) the amounts requisitioned are recorded as accounts payable (receivable).

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

14. User charges	Budget <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual 2020
<b>Operating</b> Fees and service charges Direct water billings Wastewater surcharges Licences and permits	\$ 2,479,664 4,701,500 6,726,608 389,700	\$ 3,117,218 4,708,631 6,646,686 <u>511,883</u>	\$ 2,020,521 4,842,121 5,245,246 331,538
	\$ 14,297,472	\$ 14,984,418	\$ 12,439,426
15. Government transfers	Budget <u>2021</u>	 Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>
<b>Operating</b> Government of Canada Province of Ontario Municipal	\$ - 2,920,100 <u>84,300</u>	\$ 85,907 3,669,484 57,866	\$ 294,233 3,784,425 <u>8,316</u>
	 3,004,400	 3,813,257	 4,086,974
<b>Capital</b> Government of Canada Province of Ontario Municipal	 555,355 418,760 -	 819,999 264,834 410,781	 697,779 2,999 132,540
	 974,115	 1,495,614	 833,318
	\$ 3,978,515	\$ 5,308,871	\$ 4,920,292

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

16. Other revenues	Budget <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>
<b>Operating</b> Fines Rental income Contributions from developers Transfer from trust funds Donations Other	\$ 11,500 868,100 - 4,000 226,400 142,500	\$ 65,880 564,376 - 4,235 192,488 205,718	\$ 9,600 752,261 15,000 5,338 44,844 205,043
	 1,252,500	 1,032,697	 1,032,086
<b>Capital</b> Donations Other Contributed capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	 - - - -	 16,298 1,422 64,000 <u>182,701</u> 264,421	 12,128 270,241 - 618,692 901,061
	\$ 1,252,500	\$ 1,297,118	\$ 1,933,147

### 17. Pension agreements

The Municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of the members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan that specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Employees and employers contribute jointly to the plan.

Since OMERS is a multi-employer pension plan, the Municipality does not recognize any share of the pension plan deficit of \$ 70 million (2020 - \$ 7.7 billion deficit) based on the fair market value of the plan's assets, as this is a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipal entities and their employees. Contributions were made in the 2021 calendar year at rates ranging from 9.0% to 15.8% depending on the member's designated retirement age and level of earnings. Employer contributions for current and past service are included as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations. Employer contributions to OMERS for 2021 current and past service was \$ 1,036,608 (2020 - \$ 948,393) and were matched by employee contributions in a similar amount.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 18. Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission

The Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission operates a two runway airport offering a year round fixed base operation. The Commission is funded by the four nearby municipalities, City of Welland, City of Port Colborne, Town of Pelham and the Township of Wainfleet. The City of Port Colborne has a non-controlling interest in the airport of 19% (2020 - 19%) based on population.

The following table provides condensed supplementary financial information for the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 280,455 <u>6,485</u>	\$ 237,067 31,065
Receivables	 286,940	 268,132
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Loans payable Capital lease obligation	 30,376 334,557 <u>32,627</u>	 67,881 374,431 40,081
Net debt	 397,560	 482,393
Net debt	 (110,620)	 (214,261)
Non-financial assets Prepaid expenses Fuel inventory Tangible capital assets	 14,783 23,912 <u>1,421,197</u> 1,459,892	 15,040 15,659 <u>1,476,176</u> 1,506,875
Accumulated surplus	\$ 1,349,272	\$ 1,292,614
Accumulated surplus consists of: Operating deficit Reserves Investment in tangible capital assets	\$ (88,089) 16,164 <u>1,421,197</u>	\$ (199,726) 16,164 1,476,176
	\$ 1,349,272	\$ 1,292,614
<b>Revenues</b> Grants Fuel, rentals and other	\$ 154,770 104,277	\$ 154,770 94,652
Interest	474	-
Expenses	 (204,087)	 (276,436)
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 55,434	\$ (27,014)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 18. Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission (continued)

The financial position information is as reported by the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission as at December 31, 2021 and the results of operations are as reported for the year ended December 31, 2021. The comparative financial position and results of operations figures are as reported by the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission at December 31, 2020.

The Municipality has recorded in the financial statements its 19% (2020 - 19%) share of the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commissions' assets, liabilities, accumulated surplus, revenues, expenses, and annual surplus.

The following summarizes the Municipality's related party transactions with the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission for the year. All transactions are in the normal course of operations, and are recorded at the exchange value based on normal commercial rates, or as agreed to by the parties.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Government transfers Interest	\$ 29,406 2,463	\$ 29,406 2,743
Loan, bearing interest of 3.5% per annum repayable in annual instalments of \$ 6,012, commencing June 15, 2018 Loan, bearing interest of 4.3% per annum repayable in	\$ 32,647	\$ 37,462
annual instalments of \$ 4,113, commencing August 24, 2019	 24,788	 27,770
	\$ 57,435	\$ 65,232

### 19. Trust funds

Trust funds administered by the Municipality amounting to \$482,465 (2020 - \$463,342) have not been included in the consolidated statement of financial position nor have these operations been included in the consolidated statement of operations.

### 20. Subdividers' deposits

The Municipality holds bank letters of credit as security to ensure the provision of subdivision services and the completion of contracts.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Letters of credit, beginning of year Net additions (deletions)	\$ 1,070,405 466,705	\$ 1,158,096 <u>(87,691)</u>
Letters of credit, end of year	\$ 1,537,110	\$ 1,070,405

These letters of credit are not reflected in the accounts.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 21. Contingencies

The Municipality is involved from time to time in litigation, which arises in the normal course of business. In respect of any outstanding claims, the Municipality believes that insurance coverage is adequate and that no material exposure exists on the eventual settlement of such litigation, therefore no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

### 22. Liabilities for contaminated sites

The Municipality reports environmental liabilities related to the management and remediation of any contaminated sites where the Municipality is obligated or likely obligated to incur such costs. The Municipality has identified one property where environmental assessments have indicated soil contamination exceeds environmental standards. A reasonable estimate of any liability cannot be made as the Municipality has not determined how the property will be used, therefore, no liability has been recognized.

The Municipality's ongoing efforts to assess contaminated sites may result in future environmental remediation liabilities related to newly identified sites, or changes in the assessments or intended use of existing sites. Any changes to the Municipality's liabilities for contaminated sites will be accrued in the year in which they are assessed as likely and reasonably estimable.

### 23. Commitments

### Tax increment based grants

The Municipality has commitments for tax increment based grants with various expiry dates up to 2030. There are currently three signed agreements with a term spanning ten years each. At December 31, 2021, the total amount remaining to be paid from these agreements is \$ 59,035 with the total commitment for each of the next five years as follows:

2022	\$ 35,065
2023	4,950
2024	3,748
2025	2,545
2026	2,545

### 24. Comparative figures

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the consolidated financial statement presentation adopted for the current year.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 25. Budget

The budget bylaw adopted by Council November 5, 2020 was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while Canadian public sector accounting standards require a full accrual basis. As a result, the budget figures presented in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt represent the budget adopted by Council with the following adjustments:

Budgeted annual surplus	\$ 11,515
Add: Acquisition of tangible capital assets Repayment of long term debt Transfers (to) from reserves, net	3,730,738 1,462,713 518,892
Less: Amortization of tangible capital assets	 (5,719,639)
Budgeted surplus per Consolidated Statement of Operations	\$ 4,219

### 26. Impacts of COVID-19

The outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization in March, 2020. COVID-19 has severely impacted many economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses were forced to cease or limit operations for long periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced volatility. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

The Municipality had to limit activity during its fiscal year due to the COVID-19 pandemic, however it has not identified any related events which occurred during its fiscal year or were determined to be subsequent events that had a significant impact on the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021.

It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of the consequences of COVID-19, as well as the impact on the financial position and results of the Municipality for future periods.

### 27. Subsequent event

Subsequent to December 31, 2021, the Municipality recovered approximately \$1.45 million in taxes receivable related to multiple properties from a property owner and received approximately \$2.15 million related to prior property transactions, the collection for which was previously of a contingent nature.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 28. Segmented reporting

The Municipality is a diverse municipal government that provides a wide range of services to its citizens. Segmented information has been identified for the service lines that reflect the way in which the operations are managed and resource needs are identified and budgeted. Municipal activities are reported by function in the body of the financial statements.

Certain departments that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

#### General

The general provision of municipal services includes general government, fire services, transportation services, storm sewer services, planning and development, facilities, parks and cemeteries.

#### Water

The water operations install and maintain water capital infrastructure to ensure the safe supply, metering and cost recovery for all treated water to serviced areas within all urban and settlement areas of the Municipality.

#### Wastewater

The wastewater operations install and maintain wastewater capital infrastructure and recover costs of providing this service within all urban and settlement areas of the Municipality.

#### Storm sewer

The storm sewer operations install and maintain storm sewer capital infrastructure and recover costs of providing this service within all urban and settlement areas of the Municipality.

#### Port Colborne Public Library Board

The Port Colborne Public Library Board provides library services, materials and facilities. The Municipality controls the board and consolidates the financial activities.

For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 1. The consolidated schedule of segment disclosure and the schedules of segment disclosure with budget information follow the notes.

# City of Port Colborne Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>General</u>	<u>Library</u>	Eliminations	Levy	Water	Wastewater	Storm sewer	<u>2021</u>
Revenues								
Taxation	\$ 21,171,858	\$-	\$-	\$ 21,171,858	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 21,171,858
User charges	2,778,403	2,585	-	2,780,988	4,816,140	6,694,204	693,086	14,984,418
Government transfers	4,397,733	911,138	-	5,308,871	-	-	-	5,308,871
Penalties and interest	612,601	-	-	612,601	11,205	16,444	-	640,250
Investment income	155,772	-	-	155,772	-	-	-	155,772
Other	1,295,009	2,557		1,297,566	(448)			1,297,118
	30,411,376	916,280		31,327,656	4,826,897	6,710,648	693,086	43,558,287
Expenses								
Wages and benefits	14,972,954	612,605	-	15,585,559	610,954	305,477	101,826	16,603,816
Materials	2,009,414	102,739	-	2,112,153	175,117	102,691	52,393	2,442,354
Contracted services	6,189,169	72,439	-	6,261,608	2,119,699	4,360,247	20,403	12,761,957
Rents and								
financial expenses	614,202	(5)	-	614,197	4,472	847	20,584	640,100
External transfers								
to others	400,215	-	-	400,215	-	-	-	400,215
Interest on								
long term debt	582,572	50	-	582,622	80,689	-	299,027	962,338
Tax write-offs	321,774	-	-	321,774	-	-	-	321,774
Amortization	4,274,389	76,935	-	4,351,324	641,098	363,024	364,243	5,719,689
Inter-functional transfer	rs <u>(928,059)</u>			(928,059)	400,059	460,000	68,000	
	28,436,630	864,763		29,301,393	4,032,088	5,592,286	926,476	39,852,243
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 1,974,746	\$ 51,517	\$	\$ 2,026,263	\$ 794,809	\$ 1,118,362	<u>\$ (233,390)</u>	\$ 3,706,044

# City of Port Colborne Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General	Library	Eliminations	Levy	Water	<u>Wastewater</u>	Storm sewer	2020
Revenues								
Taxation	\$ 19,763,302	\$-	\$-	\$ 19,763,302	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 19,763,302
User charges	1,544,471	3,960	-	1,548,431	4,876,795	5,247,500	766,700	12,439,426
Government transfers	4,879,588	814,531	(773,827)	4,920,292	-	-	-	4,920,292
Penalties and interest	444,851	-	-	444,851	9,098	12,075	-	466,024
Investment income	223,375	368	-	223,743	-	-	-	223,743
Other	1,934,775	4,582		1,939,357	(6,210)			1,933,147
	28,790,362	823,441	(773,827)	28,839,976	4,879,683	5,259,575	766,700	39,745,934
Expenses								
Wages and benefits	14,113,442	565,221	-	14,678,663	637,762	121,566	47,076	15,485,067
Materials	4,977,677	119,342	-	5,097,019	203,006	61,520	60,152	5,421,697
Contracted services	3,390,020	48,492	-	3,438,512	2,328,060	4,908,604	160,273	10,835,449
Rents and								
financial expenses	226,165	313	-	226,478	68,671	39,357	11,702	346,208
External transfers								
to others	236,274	-	-	236,274	-	-	-	236,274
Interest on								
long term debt	630,345	76	-	630,421	85,240	-	199,174	914,835
Tax write-offs	143,212	-	-	143,212	-	-	-	143,212
Amortization	4,208,609	75,910	-	4,284,519	636,215	368,763	363,382	5,652,879
Inter-functional transfere	s <u>283,495</u>		(773,827)	(490,332)	269,124	221,208		
	28,209,239	809,354	(773,827)	28,244,766	4,228,078	5,721,018	841,759	39,035,621
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 581,123	\$ 14,087	\$	\$ 595,210	\$ 651,605	\$ (461,443)	\$ (75,059)	\$ 710,313

General	Budget <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>
Revenues Taxation User charges Government transfers Penalties and interest Investment income Other	\$ 21,157,645 <b>\$</b> 2,013,244 3,111,615 450,500 105,000 1,251,300	2,778,403 4,397,733 612,601 155,772 1,295,009	1,544,471 4,879,588 444,851 223,375 1,934,775
Expenses Wages and benefits Materials Contracted services Rents and financial expenses External transfers to others Interest on long term debt Tax write-offs Amortization Inter-functional transfers	 28,089,304 14,484,974 5,901,791 3,359,622 696,689 132,394 559,894 - 4,274,337 (607,098)	30,411,376 14,972,954 2,009,414 6,189,169 614,202 400,215 582,572 321,774 4,274,389 (928,059)	28,790,362 14,113,442 4,977,677 3,390,020 226,165 236,274 630,345 143,212 4,208,609 283,495
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 28,802,603 (713,299) <b>\$</b>	28,436,630 1,974,746 \$	28,209,239 581,123

Budget <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>
\$ 1,400 \$	2,585 \$	3,960
866,900	911,138	814,531
-	-	368
 1,200	2,557	4,582
 869,500	916,280	823,441
599,100	612,605	565,221
112,000	102,739	119,342
49,400	72,439	48,492
-	(5)	313
-	50	76
 76,935	76,935	75,910
 837,435	864,763	809,354
\$ 32,065 \$	51,517 \$	14,087
	2021 \$ 1,400 \$ 866,900 - 1,200 - 869,500 - 599,100 112,000 49,400 - - 76,935 - 837,435 -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

	Budget <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>
Water			
Revenues			
User charges	\$ 4,701,500	\$ 4,816,140	\$ 4,876,795
Penalties and interest	39,998	11,205	9,098
Other	 -	 (448)	<u>(6,210)</u>
	4 744 400	4 000 007	4 070 000
	 4,741,498	 4,826,897	4,879,683
Expenses			
Wages and benefits	561,350	610,954	637,762
Materials	253,050	175,117	203,006
Contracted services	2,417,600	2,119,699	2,328,060
Rents and financial expenses	2,900	4,472	68,671
Interest on long term debt	80,597	80,689	85,240
Amortization	641,098	641,098	636,215
Inter-functional transfers	 278,550	 400,059	269,124
	 4,235,145	 4,032,088	4,228,078
Annual surplus	\$ 506,353	\$ 794,809	\$ 651,605

	Budget <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>
Wastewater			
<b>Revenues</b> User charges Penalties and interest	\$ 6,726,608 <b>\$</b> 33,000 6,759,608	6,694,204 \$ 16,444 6,710,648	5,247,500 12,075 5,259,575
<b>Expenses</b> Wages and benefits Materials Contracted services Rents and financial expenses Amortization Inter-functional transfers	 561,350 293,950 5,017,550 - 363,024 278,551	305,477 102,691 4,360,247 847 363,024 460,000	121,566 61,520 4,908,604 39,357 368,763 221,208
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 6,514,425 245,183 <b>\$</b>	5,592,286 1,118,362 \$	<u>5,721,018</u> (461,443)

		Budget <u>2021</u>	Actu <u>20</u>	ual 21	Actual <u>2020</u>
Storm sewer					
<b>Revenues</b> User charges	<u>\$</u>	854,720	<u>\$ 693,0</u>	<u>)86 \$</u>	766,700
Expenses Wages and benefits Materials Contracted services Rents and financial expenses Interest on long term debt Amortization Inter-functional transfers		53,170 137,700 12,000 303,690 364,243 50,000	101,8 52,3 20,4 20,5 299,0 364,2 <u>68,0</u>	893 103 584 027 243	47,076 60,152 160,273 11,702 199,174 363,382
Annual deficit	\$	920,803 (66,083)	<u>926,4</u> \$ (233,3	176 390) \$	841,759 (75,059)



Grant Thornton LLP Suite B 222 Catharine Street, PO Box 336 Port Colborne, ON L3K 5W1

T +1 905 834 3651 F +1 905 834 5095 E PortColborne@ca.gt.com www.GrantThornton.ca

# Independent auditor's report

# To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Taxpayers of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Trust Funds of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne ("the Funds"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust Funds of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Funds in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Funds or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Funds' financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
  and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events
  or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern.
  If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's
  report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate,
  to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of
  our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Funds to cease to
  continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Grant Thouton LLP

Port Colborne, Canada October 11, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

### City of Port Colborne Trust Funds Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2021

	<u>Impi</u>	Local rovements	Julia Yager <u>Trust</u>	Fulton <u>Trust</u>	Sherkston <u>Trust</u>	Overholt <u>Cemetery</u>	Roselawn <u>Centre</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from City of	\$	23,630	\$ 7,401	\$ 1,047	\$ 5,911	\$ 7,851	\$ 53,546	\$ 99,386	\$ 91,089
Port Colborne Investments		-	 -	 -	 - 5,846	 6,782 370,451	 -	 6,782 376,297	 500 371,753
Net assets	\$	23,630	\$ 7,401	\$ 1,047	\$ 11,757	\$ 385,084	\$ 53,546	\$ 482,465	\$ 463,342

Impacts of COVID-19 (Note 3)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# City of Port Colborne Trust Funds **Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets** For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Impro	Local ovements	Jı	ulia Yager <u>Trust</u>	Fulton <u>Trust</u>	Sherkston <u>Trust</u>	Overholt <u>Cemetery</u>	Roselawn <u>Centre</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<b>Revenues</b> Interest Perpetual trust contributions	\$	136	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 45	\$ 12,466	\$ 309	\$ 12,956	\$ 7,461
		-			 -	 	 10,402	 -	 10,402	 13,387
<b>Expenses</b> Transfers to City of Port Colborn		136		-	-	45	22,868	309	23,358	20,848
					 	 	 4,235	 -	 4,235	 5,338
Excess of revenue over expenses	9	136		-	-	45	18,633	309	19,123	15,510
Net assets Beginning of yea	ar	23,494		7,401	 1,047	 11,712	 366,451	 53,237	 463,342	 447,832
End of year	\$	23,630	\$	7,401	\$ 1,047	\$ 11,757	\$ 385,084	\$ 53,546	\$ 482,465	\$ 463,342

### City of Port Colborne Trust Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		
<b>Operating activities</b> Excess of revenues over expenses (Increase) decrease in due from City of Port Colborne Decrease in accrued interest	\$ 19,123 \$ (6,282) -	15,510 3,349 129
	 12,841	18,988
Investing activities Increase in investments - net	 (4,544)	(18,246)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	8,297	742
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year	 91,089	90,347
End of year	\$ 99,386 \$	91,089

### City of Port Colborne Trust Funds Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

### Management responsibility

The financial statements are the responsibility of and prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

#### (a) Basis of accounting

Sources of revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenues in the period they are earned and measurable and expenses in the period the goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred.

#### (b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by cash on hand, cash on deposit in chartered banks and investments that mature within three months.

### (c) Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments are valued at the lower of cost and market value. Interest income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

### (d) Financial instruments

#### Initial measurement

The Trust Funds financial instruments, other than those resulting from transactions with related parties, are measured at fair value when issued or acquired. For financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost, fair value is adjusted by the amount of the related financing fees and transaction costs. Transaction costs and financing fees relating to financial instruments that are measured subsequently at fair value are recognized in operations in the year in which they are incurred.

#### Subsequent measurement

At each reporting date, the Trust Funds measure their financial assets and liabilities at cost. The financial instruments measured at cost are cash investments, interest receivable and due from revenue fund.

For financial assets measured at cost, the Trust Funds regularly assesses whether there are any indications of impairment. If there is an indication of impairment, and the Trust Funds determine that there is a significant adverse change in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset, it recognizes an impairment loss in the statement of operations. Any reversals of previously recognized impairment losses are recognized in operations in the year the reversal occurs.

### City of Port Colborne Trust Funds Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (d) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial instruments in related party transactions

Financial assets and financial liabilities in related party transactions are initially measured at cost, with the exception of certain instruments which are initially measured at fair value. The Tust Funds do not have any financial assets or financial liabilities in related party transactions which are initially measured at fair value.

Gains or losses arising on initial measurement differences are generally recognized in net income when the transaction is in the normal course of operations, and in equity when the transaction is not in the normal course of operations, subject to certain exceptions.

Financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in related party transactions are subsequently measured based on how the Trust Funds initially measured the instrument. Financial instruments initially measured at cost are subsequently measured at cost, less any impairment for financial assets. Financial instruments initially measured at fair value, of which the Trust Funds has none, would be subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value based on certain conditions.

### (e) Revenue recognition

(i) Perpetual care collections

Revenue is recorded when it is earned and collection is reasonably assured.

(ii) Interest

Interest income earned on investments is recorded as revenue in the period earned.

### 2. Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments consist of money market, bond and equity funds and a guaranteed investment certificate with an annual interest rate of 0.50% maturing December, 2022. Portfolio investments have an estimated market value of \$ 448,689 (2020 - \$ 432,277).