Financial Report

City of Port Colborne

December 31, 2020

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### Independent auditor's report

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Taxpayers of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne ("the Municipality"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne as at December 31, 2020, and its results of operations, its changes in its net financial assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Municipality and the organizations it controls to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Port Colborne, Canada June 14, 2021 Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

### **City of Port Colborne Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at December 31, 2020

		2020		2019
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	10,750,304	\$	1,204,986
Portfolio investments (Note 3)		6,619,798		11,078,101
Taxes receivable		4,250,412		3,513,508
User charges receivable		2,072,451		2,024,256
Other receivables	(0-	3,808,139	_	3,568,442
		27,501,104		21,389,293
Liabilities			_	21,000,200
Payables and accruals		5,176,683		6,535,178
Other liabilities		1,807,546		1,492,806
Deferred revenue (Note 5)		2,165,256		1,998,845
Long term debt (Note 6)		30,328,252		27,385,177
Employee benefit obligations (Notes 7 and 16)	3	9,438,200		9,125,300
	-	48,915,937	_	46,537,306
Net debt	_	(21,414,833)		(25,148,013)
Non-financial assets				
Tangible capital assets (Note 8)		136,141,674		138,865,725
Prepaid expenses		801,979		1,100,795
Tropala expenses	-	001,070	_	1,100,700
		136,943,653		139,966,520
Accumulated curplus (Note 0)	Φ.	145 500 000	ው	111 010 507
Accumulated surplus (Note 9)	Þ.	115,528,820	Ф	114,818,507

Contingencies (Notes 20 and 21)

Commitments (Note 22)

Approved by

Impacts of COVID-19 (Note 25)

Chief Administrative Officer

Director, Corporate Services/Treasurer

### **City of Port Colborne** Consolidated Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Budget <u>2020</u> (Note 24)		Actual 2020		Actual <u>2019</u>
Revenues						
Taxation (Note 11) User charges (Note 13) Government transfers (Note 14) Penalties and interest Investment income Other (Note 15)	\$	19,592,134 15,152,014 8,332,214 460,000 35,000 2,055,637	\$	19,763,302 13,237,369 4,760,830 443,497 223,743 1,158,861	\$	18,668,245 13,880,797 5,276,201 506,320 307,356 1,075,615
	-	45,626,999	-	39,587,602	_	39,714,534
Expenses General government Protection to persons and property Transportation services Environmental services Health services Recreation and culture services Planning and development	_	4,631,117 4,248,413 7,629,575 11,682,178 203,911 9,794,100 1,054,929 39,244,223		5,476,341 4,713,803 7,895,703 11,107,659 123,011 8,771,189 789,583	_	5,294,267 4,410,030 7,774,161 10,775,507 187,866 10,019,161 946,903
Annual surplus		6,382,776		710,313		306,639
Accumulated surplus (Note 9) Beginning of year End of year	(4	114,818,507 121,201,283	3	114,818,507 115,528,820	6 (9	114,511,868 114,818,507

# **City of Port Colborne Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Budget <u>2020</u> (Note 24)		Actual <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2019</u>
Annual surplus	\$	6,382,776	\$	710,313 \$	306,639
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds from disposal of tangible		5,648,463 (12,964,343)		5,652,879 (3,015,630)	5,510,987 (5,597,476)
capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	_	(8,000)	10	705,494 (618,692)	272,350 (115,794)
		(941,104)		3,434,364	376,706
Usage (acquisition) of prepaid expenses	_		9	298,816	(317,285)
Increase (decrease) in net debt		(941,104)		3,733,180	59,421
Net debt Beginning of year		(25,148,013)	8) <u></u>	(25,148,013)	(25,207,434)
End of year	\$	(26,089,117)	\$	(21,414,833) \$	(25,148,013)

# **City of Port Colborne Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		2020		2019
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents				
Operating activities Annual surplus Non-cash items:	\$	710,313	\$	306,639
Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Increase in taxes receivable (Increase) decrease in user charges receivable Increase in other receivables (Decrease) increase in payables and accruals Increase in other liabilities Increase in deferred revenue Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	9	5,652,879 (618,692) (736,904) (48,195) (239,697) (1,358,495) 314,740 166,411 298,816	_	5,510,987 (115,794) (621,099) 27,688 (1,295,542) 874,018 251,767 1,130,619 (317,285) 5,751,998
Capital activities Proceeds from disposal of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets		705,494 (3,015,630) (2,310,136)		272,350 (5,597,476) (5,325,126)
Financing activities Issue of long term debt Repayment of long term debt Issue of capital lease obligation Repayment of capital lease obligation Increase in employee benefit obligation	_	5,000,000 (1,975,452) - (81,473) 312,900 3,255,975		(1,503,637) 94,443 (84,221) 611,000 (882,415)
Investing activities Disposal (purchase) of portfolio investments, net	a.	4,458,303	_	(215,390)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		9,545,318		(670,933)
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Beginning of year	1.	1,204,986		1,875,919
End of year	\$	10,750,304	\$	1,204,986

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 1. Significant accounting policies

### Management responsibility

The consolidated financial statements of the City of Port Colborne ("Municipality") are the responsibility of and prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

### (a) Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the financial assets, liabilities, non-financial assets, revenues, expenses and changes in accumulated surplus of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations and enterprises accountable for the administration of their affairs and resources to the Municipality and which are owned or controlled by the Municipality. In addition to general government tax-supported operations, they include the following:

Port Colborne Public Library Board Port Colborne Downtown Development Board Port Colborne Main Street Business Improvement Area

Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

The following joint local board is proportionally consolidated:

Niagara Central Airport Commission (Joint Board)

Related party transactions are eliminated (Note 17).

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties (Note 18).

### (b) Basis of accounting

Sources of revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenues in the period they are earned and measurable and expenses in the period the goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred.

### (c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and temporary investments include cash on hand, balances with banks and guaranteed investment certificates that mature within one year.

### (d) Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments are valued at the lower of cost and market value. Interest income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (e) Deferred revenue

Resources restricted by agreement with an external party are recognized as revenue in the entity's financial statements in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified. An externally restricted inflow received before this criterion has been met is recorded as a liability until the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified.

### (f) Employee future benefits

The present value of the cost of providing employees with future benefit programs is expensed as employees earn these entitlements through service.

### (g) Contaminated sites liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when a site is not in productive use and all the following criteria are met:

- an environmental standard exists;
- contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- the Municipality:
  - is directly responsible; or
  - accepts responsibility;
- it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The liability is recognized as management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring that are an integral part of the remediation strategy for a contaminated site.

### (h) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Cost includes all directly attributable expenses in the acquisition, construction, development and/or betterment of the asset required to install the asset at the location and in the condition necessary for its intended use. Contributed tangible capital assets are capitalized at their estimated fair value upon acquisition. The Municipality does not capitalize interest as part of the costs of its capital assets.

Works of art for display in municipal property are not included as capital assets. The works of art are held for exhibition, educational and historical interest. Such assets are deemed worthy of preservation because of the social rather than financial benefits they provide to the community. The cost of art is not determinable or relevant to their significance. No valuation of the collection has been conducted or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (h) Tangible capital assets (continued)

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases that transfer substantially all benefits incidental to ownership are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis to write-off the net cost of each asset over its estimated useful life for all classes except land. Land is considered to have an infinite life without amortization. Residual values of assets are assumed to be zero with any net gain or loss arising from the disposal of assets recognized in the consolidated statement of operations as "other revenue". Half-year amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Amortization is based on the following classifications and useful lives:

Classification	<u>Useful Life</u>
Land improvements Buildings	10-100 years 20-50 years
Leasehold improvements	20-50 years
Vehicles	10-20 years
Office equipment and furniture and fixtures  Machinery and equipment	5-10 years 3-30 years
Infrastructure	10-100 years

### (i) Subdivision infrastructure

Subdivision streets, lighting, sidewalks, drainage and other infrastructure are required to be provided by subdivision developers. Upon completion they are turned over to the Municipality and recorded as tangible capital assets. The Municipality is not involved in the construction.

### (j) Revenue recognition

#### i) Taxation

Property tax billings are prepared by the Municipality based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation ("MPAC"). Tax rates are established annually by Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services and amounts the Municipality is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes. Realty taxes are billed based on the assessment rolls provided by MPAC. Taxation revenues are recorded at the time tax billings are issued.

A normal part of the assessment process is the issue of supplementary assessment rolls which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessment.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (i) Revenue recognition (continued)

### i) Taxation (continued)

Once a supplementary roll is received, the Municipality determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings. Assessments of the related property taxes are subject to appeal. Any supplementary billing adjustments made necessary by the determination of such changes will be recognized in the fiscal year they are determined and the effect shared with the school boards, as appropriate.

### ii) User charges

User charges are recognized when the services are performed or goods are delivered and there is reasonable assurance of collection.

### iii) Government transfers

Government transfers received are recognized in the financial statements as revenue when the transfers are authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met except when there is a stipulation that gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. In that case, the transfer is recorded as a liability and recognized as revenue as the stipulations are met. Government transfers to individuals and other entities are recognized as an expense when the transfers are authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met.

### iv) Other

Other revenue is recorded when it is earned and collection is reasonably assured.

### (k) Reserves for future expenses

Certain amounts, as approved by Municipal Council, are set aside in reserves and reserve funds for future operating and capital expenses.

### (I) Local improvements

The Municipality records capital expenses funded by local improvement agreements as they are incurred. Revenues are recognized in the year they become payable.

### (m) Region and school board transactions

The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards and the Region of Niagara are not reflected in the accumulated surplus of these consolidated financial statements.

### (n) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Two areas in which management make estimates are with regards to an allowance for uncollectible taxes receivable and obligations for employee benefits.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

2.	Cash and cash equivalents	<u>2020</u>	2019
	s on hand \$ balances	3,550 10,746,754	\$ 3,950 1,201,036
	<u>\$</u>	10,750,304	\$ 1,204,986

### 3. Portfolio investments

Guaranteed investment certificates carry an effective interest rate from 2.05% to 2.20% with maturity dates in June, 2021. Interest is receivable on maturity. Carrying value approximates market value.

### 4. Bank indebtedness

An operating line of credit of \$ 4,000,000 has been established with the CIBC, of which \$ Nil (2019 - \$ Nil) was used at December 31, 2020. An executed borrowing by-law in form and content satisfactory to CIBC is in effect to a limit of \$ 4,000,000. Interest is calculated at prime minus 0.50%. Overdrafts outstanding under the line of credit are converted to a promissory note at the CIBC's request which has not been enacted.

5. Deferred revenue	2020	2019
Development Charges Act Parkland Federal gas tax Ontario Community Infrastructure Fund	\$  79,603 260,110 1,069,588 755,955	\$ 171,705 259,104 1,192,893 375,143
	\$ 2,165,256	\$ 1,998,845

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net long term debt

5. Deferred revenue (continued)				
The continuity of deferred revenue is made up of the following:				
		2020		2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,998,845	\$	868,226
Contributions from Development charges Interest earned Government transfers received Federal Provincial		126,629 35,225 555,335 418,760	·	169,046 25,244 1,153,086 404,300
	8	1,135,949	_	1,751,676
Utilized for Tangible capital asset acquisitions Operations  Balance, end of year	  \$	(954,538) (15,000) (969,538) 2,165,256	 \$	(476,944) (144,113) (621,057) 1,998,845
6. Long term debt		2020		<u>2019</u>
(a) The balance of net long term debt reported on the consolidated statement of financial position is made up of the following:				
The Municipality has assumed responsibility for the payment of principal and interest charges on certain long term debt issued by the Region of Niagara. At the end of the year, the outstanding principal amount of this debt is	\$	30,270,175	\$	27,245,627
Capital lease obligations		58,077	_	139,550
<ul> <li>(a) The balance of net long term debt reported on the consolidated statement of financial position is made up of the following:</li> <li>The Municipality has assumed responsibility for the payment of principal and interest charges on certain long term debt issued by the Region of Niagara. At the end of the year, the outstanding</li> </ul>	\$		\$	
Capital lease obligations		58,077		139,55

**\$ 30,328,252** \$ 27,385,177

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 6. Long term debt (continued)

(b) The net long term debt is made up of the following:

Debenture Type	Interest Rate	Maturity Date		<u>2020</u>	2019
Serial	1.60 to 4.65%	2020	\$	-	\$ 690,040
Serial	1.20 to 1.60%	2021		60,782	120,651
Amortizer	2.67%	2023		826,161	1,141,588
Serial	1.15 to 2.80%	2025		1,441,000	1,711,000
Amortizer	3.18%	2028		502,298	560,733
Amortizer	3.37%	2033		560,747	596,290
Amortizer	3.46%	2035		1,709,219	1,794,876
Amortizer	3.22%	2037		399,395	416,805
Amortizer	3.70%	2043		1,594,428	1,639,212
Amortizer	3.43%	2047		12,945,616	13,233,254
Amortizer	3.56%	2048		5,230,529	5,341,178
Amortizer	2.29%	2050		5,000,000	=
Capital leases	Various	2021-2023	_	58,077	 139,550

**\$ 30,328,252** \$ 27,385,177

(c) Principal repayments in each of the next five years are due as follows:

2021	\$ 1,478,501
2022	1,437,728
2023	1,289,352
2024	1,154,607
2025	1,190,995

(d) The Municipality paid \$ 902,951 (2019 - \$ 961,298) interest on long term debt during the year.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

7. Employee benefit obligations	2020	2019
Workplace Safety and Insurance Board future benefits Vested sick leave benefits Retirement benefits	\$ 2,309,300 \$ 295,200 6,833,700	2,272,200 306,200 6,546,900
Less: benefits funded by future liabilities reserve	 \$ 9,438,200 (1,355,755) 8,082,445 \$	9,125,300 (123,067) 9,002,233

### (a) Workplace Safety and Insurance Board future benefits

The City of Port Colborne is a Workplace Safety and Insurance Board ("WSIB") Schedule 2 employer.

In 2020, an actuarial estimate of future liabilities has been completed and forms the basis for the estimated liability reported in these financial statements. During the year \$ 36,575 (2019 - \$ 35,459) was paid by the City to the WSIB in relation to these benefits.

The accrued benefit obligation at December 31, 2020 of \$ 2,309,300 (2019 - \$ 2,272,200) was determined by an actuarial valuation using a discount rate of 2.90% (2019 - 2.90%).

The most recent actuarial valuation was prepared at December 31, 2019.

The main actuarial assumptions employed above are as follows (where applicable):

### (i) Interest (discount) rate

The obligations as at December 31, 2020 of the present value of future liabilities were determined using a discount rate of 2.90% (2019 - 2.90%).

### (ii) Future benefit indexing rate

The rates used for loss of earnings benefits and pension and survivors benefits are assumed to be 2.00% per annum. The rate for health benefits is assumed to be 4.00% per annum.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 7. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

### (a) Workplace Safety and Insurance Board future benefits (continued)

	<u>2020</u>	2019
Accrued benefit obligation Beginning of year Benefit payments Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial loss (gain)	\$ 2,272,200 (206,600) 164,200 70,300 9,200	\$ 1,899,500 (378,200) 706,500 72,400 (28,000)
	\$ 2,309,300	\$ 2,272,200
Funded status Deficit Unamortized actuarial loss	\$  2,391,800 (82,500) 2,309,300	\$ 2,363,900 (91,700) 2,272,200
The net benefit expense is as follows:		
Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial loss (gain)	\$ 164,200 70,300 9,200	\$ 706,500 72,400 (28,000)
	\$ 243,700	\$ 750,900

### (b) Vested sick leave benefits

Under the sick leave benefit plan for employees of the Port Colborne Firefighters' Association, sick leave can accumulate and employees may become entitled to a cash payment upon leaving the Municipality's employment.

The accrued benefit obligation at December 31, 2020 of \$ 295,200 (2019 - \$ 306,200) was determined by an actuarial valuation using a discount rate of 2.90% (2019 - 2.90%).

The most recent actuarial valuation for the vested sick leave was prepared at December 31, 2019.

The main actuarial assumptions employed for the vested sick leave and retirement benefits valuations above are as follows (where applicable):

### (i) Interest (discount) rate

The obligations as at December 31, 2020 of the present value of future liabilities were determined using a discount rate of 2.90% (2019 - 2.90%).

### (ii) Salary increase rate

The rate used to increase salaries is assumed to be 3.00% (2019 - 3.00%) per annum. This rate reflects management's best estimate of future salary increases.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 7. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

### (b) Vested sick leave benefits (continued)

	2020	2019
Accrued benefit obligation Beginning of year Benefit payments Current service cost Interest cost Plan amendment Amortization of actuarial loss	\$ 306,200 (55,700) 31,200 10,000 - 3,500	\$ 264,400 (18,300) 28,700 10,800 18,300 2,300
	\$ 295,200	\$ 306,200
Funded status Deficit Unamortized actuarial loss	\$  328,400 (33,200) 295,200	\$ 342,900 (36,700) 306,200
The net benefit expense is as follows:		
Current service cost Interest cost Plan amendment Amortization of actuarial loss	\$ 31,200 10,000 - 3,500	\$ 28,700 10,800 18,300 2,300
	\$ 44,700	\$ 60,100

During the year \$ Nil (2019 - \$ Nil) was paid to employees who left the Municipality's employment. The Municipality has set aside \$ 1,355,755 (2019 - \$ 123,067) in a reserve.

### (c) Retirement benefits

The City of Port Colborne pays certain retirement benefits on behalf of its retired employees. The City of Port Colborne recognizes these retirement costs in the period in which the employees rendered the services. The plan is substantially unfunded and requires no contributions from employees.

The accrued benefit obligation at December 31, 2020 of \$ 6,833,700 (2019 - \$ 6,546,900) was determined by an actuarial valuation using a discount rate of 2.90% (2019 - 2.90%).

The City's obligation under the retirement provision of employment agreements will be funded out of current revenue. During the year benefit payments of \$ 358,700 (2019 - \$ 362,000) were paid to retirees.

Actuarial valuations for accounting purposes are performed every three years using the projected benefit method, pro-rated on service. Under this method, the projected retirement benefits are deemed to be earned on a pro-rate basis over the employee's years of service.

The most recent actuarial valuation for the retirement benefits was prepared at December 31, 2019.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 7. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

### (c) Retirement benefits (continued)

The main actuarial assumptions employed for retirement benefits valuation above are as follows (where applicable):

### (i) Interest (discount) rate

The obligations as at December 31, 2020 of the present value of future liabilities were determined using a discount rate of 2.90% (2019 - 2.90%).

### (ii) Medical costs

Drug costs were assumed to be 7.30% in 2020 (2019 - 7.48%) and decrease 0.175% per year until 2036 when the rate will be 4.50% and continue thereafter.

Vision costs were assumed to be 1.50% in 2020 (2019 - 1.75%) and decrease 0.25% per year until 2026 when the rate will be 0% and continue thereafter.

Other health costs were assumed to be 4.50% in 2020 (2019 - 4.50%) and continue thereafter.

### (iii) Dental costs

Dental costs were assumed to be 5.25% in 2020 and decrease 0.1875% per year until 2024 when the rate will be 4.50% and continue thereafter.

Accrued benefit obligation	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Beginning of year Benefit payments Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial loss	\$ 6,546,900 (358,700) 380,900 206,300 58,300	\$ 6,350,400 (362,000) 329,100 216,800 12,600
	\$ 6,833,700	\$ 6,546,900
Funded status Deficit Unamortized actuarial loss	\$ 7,144,100 (310,400)	\$ 6,915,600 (368,700)
	\$ 6,833,700	\$ 6,546,900
The net benefit expense is as follows:		
Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of actuarial loss	\$ 380,900 206,300 58,300	\$ 329,100 216,800 12,600
	\$ 645,500	\$ 558,500

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

# 8. Tangible capital assets

2020		226,617,732	3,015,630	(626,803)	229,006,559		87,752,007	5,652,879		(540,001)	92,864,885	136,141,674
Construction in Process		1,242,665 \$	162,699		1,405,364		ı	1				1,405,364 \$
		↔			- 1							€
Infrastructure		127,071,527	1,331,858	(271,099)	128,132,286		54,724,120	2,349,080		(268,340)	56,804,860	71,327,426
		↔										↔
Furniture and Equipment		9,113,110	848,103	(277,615)	9,683,598		5,175,322	705,064		(237,377)	5,643,009	4,040,589
ιν		€9		급 						∃	 	₩.
Vehicles		5,045,158	125,394	(34,284)	5,136,268		2,789,286	307,202		(34,284)	3,062,204	2,074,064
		€			ļ					1	l	↔
Buildings and Leaseholds		59,902,611	230,463	1	60,133,074		16,213,856	1,701,020			17,914,876	42,218,198
vol		€			l						ļ	↔
Land		18,625,163	317,113		18,942,276		8,849,423	590,513			9,439,936	9,502,340
밀		∞	gt.	5)	ا اع		E	3		4	i t	<b>ക</b> I
Land		5,617,498		(43,805)	5,573,693	c						5,573,693
		↔				zatio						€
	Cost	Beginning of year	Additions	Disposals	End of year	Accumulated amortization	Beginning of year	Amortization	Amortization	on disposals	End of year	Net book value

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

# 8. Tangible capital assets (continued)

2019		222,067,178	18,474,734	(13,924,180)	226,617,732		83,131,386	5,510,987		(890,366)	87,752,007	138,865,725	
Construction in Process		12,870,820 \$	1,249,103	(12,877,258)	1,242,665		1	ť				1,242,665 \$	
		↔			1							69	
Infrastructure		111,837,553	15,860,967	(626,993)	127,071,527		52,987,000	2,249,933		(512,813)	54,724,120	72,347,407	
		↔			1							€9	
Furniture and Equipment		8,687,275	654,810	(228,975)	9,113,110		4,699,906	673,516		(198,100)	5,175,322	3,937,788	
(0)		↔			1							φ.	
Vehicles		5,115,983	91,484	(162,309)	5,045,158		2,631,795	319,801		(162,310)	2,789,286	2,255,872	
52		↔			- 1							€9	
Buildings and Leaseholds		59,644,455	267,621	(9,465)	59,902,611		14,531,615	1,691,637		(9,396)	16,213,856	43,688,755	
		↔										€9	
Land		18,282,161	350,749	(7,747)	18,625,163		8,281,070	576,100		(7,747)	8,849,423	9,775,740	
		↔		_	ļ					1		↔	
Land		5,628,931	31€	(11,433)	5,617,498		•	B		1		5,617,498	
		69				ation						€9	
	Cost	Beginning of year	Additions	Disposals	End of year	Accumulated amortization	Beginning of year	Amortization	Amortization	on disposals	End of year	Net book value	

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

9.	Accumulated surplus		2020		<u>2019</u>
Cor	nsists of: Surpluses (deficits)				
	Operating	\$	-	\$	(5,342,748)
	Port Colborne Public Library Board		-		40,872
	Port Colborne Downtown Development Board		40,619		44,708
	Port Colborne Main Street Business Improvement Area		26,095		29,777
	Niagara Central Airport Commission (Note 17)	-	(37,948)	_	(33,273)
			28,766		(5,260,664)
	Investment in tangible capital assets	13	6,141,674	_	138,865,725
	Unfunded liabilities				
	Long term debt	(3	0,328,252)		(27,385,177)
	Employee benefit obligations		(9,438,200)		(9,125,300)
		(3	9,766,452)	_	(36,510,477)
	Reserves and reserve funds (Note 10)	1	9,124,832	_	17,723,922
		¢ 11	E E20 020	Φ	111 010 500
		<b>Φ</b> 11	5,528,820	Φ	114,818,506
0				-	
10.	Reserves and reserve funds		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Res	serves and reserve funds set aside for specific purposes by C	ounc	il or agreem	ien	t
Bos	ards and committees				
טטמ	Community Safety Committee	\$	3,947	\$	1,807
	Library bequest	Ψ	4,188	Ψ	3,660
	Library future liabilities		54,129		16,524
	Library capital		120,712		107,022
	Library		52,602		13,578
	Grant Committee		12,250		-
	Local Architectual Conservation Advisory Committee		10,184		8,184
	Mayors Youth Council Committee		3,217		3,217
	Seniors Advisory Committee		4,392		2,600
	Niagara South Coast Tourism		35,402		27,000
	Museum bequests		51,473		51,183
	Museum capital		31,667	)-	73,098
		-	384,163	_	307,873

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

10. Reserves and reserve funds (continued)	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Programs, grants and activities		
Canada Summer Games	30,000	15,000
Canal Days	50,000	50,000
CIP incentives	110,054	94,749
Municipal elections Roselawn	90,585	37,582
Transit	679,299 166,078	216,627 49,666
Transit	100,070	49,000
	1,126,016	463,624
Self sustaining entities		
Building department	83,220	129,720
Nickel Beach	212,729	142,590
Overhalt cemetery	23,397	40,579
Marina	(192,099)	523,123
	127,247	836,012
General government		
Encumbrance	197,285	851,141
Future liabilities	1,355,755	123,067
Opportunity Fund	2,000,000	
Subject matter experts	208,598	208,598
General stabilization	2,240,562	2,563,083
Working capital	2,018,700	7,143,904
	8,020,900	10,889,793
Capital and related projects		
Drains	343,955	302,361
Facilities	131,386	505,073
Fleet and equipment	704,237	973,832
Goderich maintenance	83,852	93,878
Infrastructure	2,441,383	2,038,763
Storm sewer	235,832	95,356
Wastewater	84,936	685,796
Water	900,730	531,561
	4,926,311	5,226,620
Allocated capital and related projects	4,540,195	
Total reserves and reserve funds	\$ 19,124,832	\$ 17,723,922

The marina reserve of \$ (192,099) represents a reserve of \$ 175,853 less internal financing of \$ (367,952).

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

11.	Taxation	Budget <u>2020</u>		Actual <u>2020</u>		Actual <u>2019</u>
From	property n other governments		\$	39,544,008	\$	37,582,759
Р	ayments in lieu of taxes		-	462,507	_	447,461
			( <del></del>	40,006,515	-	38,030,220
R	: taxation collected on behalf of (Note 12): legion of Niagara chool boards			15,010,032 5,233,181		14,107,998 5,253,977
			18	20,243,213		19,361,975
Net t	axes available for municipal purposes		\$	19,763,302	\$	18,668,245
	dential, multi-residential and farm mercial and industrial	\$ 15,112,964 4,479,170	\$ —	15,149,789 4,613,513	\$	14,396,190 4,272,055
Net t	axes available for municipal purposes	\$ 19,592,134	\$	19,763,302	\$	18,668,245

### 12. Collections for the Region of Niagara and school boards

Total taxation and development charges received or receivable on behalf of the Region of Niagara and the school boards were as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Region of Niagara School boards	\$ 15,010,032 5,233,181	\$ 14,107,998 5,253,977
	\$ 20,243,213	\$ 19,361,975

The Municipality is required to levy and collect taxes on behalf of the Region of Niagara and the school boards. The taxes levied over (under) the amounts requisitioned are recorded as accounts payable (receivable).

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

				_	
13. User charges		Budget <u>2020</u>	Actual 2020		Actual <u>2019</u>
Operating Fees and service charges Direct water billings Wastewater surcharges Licences and permits	\$	3,707,506 5,149,224 5,975,929 319,355	\$ 2,801,116 4,851,686 5,257,321 327,246	\$	3,921,157 4,636,417 4,976,591 346,632
	\$	15,152,014	\$ 13,237,369	\$	13,880,797
3					
14. Government transfers		Budget <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>		Actual <u>2019</u>
Operating Government of Canada Province of Ontario Municipal	\$	88,212 3,005,521 7,500 3,101,233	\$ 294,233 3,765,819 - 4,060,052	\$	112,275 3,957,538 5,000 4,074,813
Capital Government of Canada Province of Ontario	-	715,000 4,515,981	 697,779 2,999		951,671 249,717
		5,230,981	700,778		1,201,388
	\$	8,332,214	\$ 4,760,830	\$	5,276,201

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

15. Other revenue		Budget 2020	Actual <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2019</u>
Operating Fines Rental income Contributions from developers Transfer from trust funds Donations Other	\$	23,000 46,410 - 4,000 239,600 200,884	\$ 37,010 15,000 5,338 13,144 184,913	\$ 46,685 98,549 47,833 5,443 126,890 231,912
Carrital	-	513,894	 255,405	557,312
Capital Donations Other Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		1,397,000 136,743 8,000	 12,128 272,636 618,692	183,901 218,608 115,794
		1,541,743	 903,456	 518,303
	\$	2,055,637	\$ 1,158,861	\$ 1,075,615

### 16. Pension agreements

The Municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of the members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan that specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Employees and employers contribute jointly to the plan.

Since OMERS is a multi-employer pension plan, the Municipality does not recognize any share of the pension plan deficit of \$ 7.7 billion (2019 - \$ 1.5 billion surplus) based on the fair market value of the plan's assets, as this is a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipal entities and their employees. Contributions were made in the 2020 calendar year at rates ranging from 9.0% to 15.8% depending on the member's designated retirement age and level of earnings. Employer contributions for current and past service are included as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations. Employer contributions to OMERS for 2020 current and past service was \$ 948,393 (2019 - \$ 933,094) and were matched by employee contributions in a similar amount.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 17. Niagara Central Airport Commission

The Niagara Central Airport Commission operates a two runway airport offering a year round fixed base operation. The Commission is funded by the four nearby municipalities, City of Welland, City of Port Colborne, Town of Pelham and the Township of Wainfleet. The City of Port Colborne has a non-controlling interest in the airport of 19% (2019 - 19%) based on population.

The following table provides condensed supplementary financial information for the Niagara Central Airport Commission:

	2020	<u>2019</u>
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 237,067 31,065	\$ 228,562 43,073
	268,132	271,635
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Loans payable Capital lease obligation	67,881 374,431 40,081	44,734 365,423 47,473
Net debt	<u>482,393</u> (214,261)	<u>457,630</u> (185,995)
Non-financial assets Prepaid expenses Fuel inventory Tangible capital assets	15,040 15,659 1,476,176 1,506,875	1,354 25,685 1,492,862 1,519,901
Accumulated surplus	\$ 1,292,614	\$ 1,333,906
Accumulated surplus consists of: Operating deficit Reserves Investment in tangible capital assets	\$ (199,726) 16,164 1,476,176	16,164 1,492,862
	\$ 1,292,614	\$ 1,333,906
Revenues Grants Fuel, rentals and other Interest	\$ 154,770 94,652	\$ 167,510 120,047 571
Expenses	(276,436)	(292,366)
Annual deficit	\$ (27,014)	\$ (4,238)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 17. Niagara Central Airport Commission (continued)

The financial position information is as reported by the Niagara Central Airport Commission as at December 31, 2020 and the results of operations are as reported for the year ended December 31, 2020. The comparative financial position and results of operations figures are as reported by the Niagara Central Airport Commission at December 31, 2019.

The Municipality has recorded in the financial statements its 19% (2019 - 19%) share of the Niagara Central Airport Commissions' assets, liabilities, accumulated surplus, revenues, expenses, and annual surplus.

The following summarizes the Municipality's related party transactions with the Niagara Central Airport Commission for the year. All transactions are in the normal course of operations, and are recorded at the exchange value based on normal commercial rates, or as agreed to by the parties.

		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Government transfers Interest	\$	29,406 2,743	\$	31,827 3,014
Loan, bearing interest of 3.5% per annum repayable in annual instalments of \$ 6,012, commencing June 15, 2018 Loan, bearing interest of 4.3% per annum repayable in	\$	36,791	\$	41,327
annual instalments of \$ 4,113, commencing August 24, 2019	() <del>************************************</del>	27,377	40	30,170
	\$	64,168	\$	71,497

### 18. Trust funds

Trust funds administered by the Municipality amounting to \$ 463,342 (2019 - \$ 447,832) have not been included in the consolidated statement of financial position nor have these operations been included in the consolidated statement of operations.

### 19. Subdividers' deposits

The Municipality holds bank letters of credit as security to ensure the provision of subdivision services and the completion of contracts.

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Letters of credit, beginning of year Net deletions	\$ 1,158,096 \$ (87,691)	1,448,750 (290,654)
Letters of credit, end of year	\$ 1,070,405 \$	1,158,096

These letters of credit are not reflected in the accounts.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 20. Contingencies

The Municipality is involved from time to time in litigation, which arises in the normal course of business. In respect of any outstanding claims, the Municipality believes that insurance coverage is adequate and that no material exposure exists on the eventual settlement of such litigation, therefore no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

### 21. Liabilities for contaminated sites

The Municipality reports environmental liabilities related to the management and remediation of any contaminated sites where the Municipality is obligated or likely obligated to incur such costs. The Municipality has identified one property where environmental assessments have indicated soil contamination exceeds environmental standards. A reasonable estimate of any liability cannot be made as the Municipality has not determined how the property will be used, therefore, no liability has been recognized.

The Municipality's ongoing efforts to assess contaminated sites may result in future environmental remediation liabilities related to newly identified sites, or changes in the assessments or intended use of existing sites. Any changes to the Municipality's liabilities for contaminated sites will be accrued in the year in which they are assessed as likely and reasonably estimable.

#### 22. Commitments

### Tax increment based grants

The Municipality has commitments for tax increment based grants with various expiry dates up to 2024. There are currently five signed agreements with a term spanning ten years each. At December 31, 2020, the total amount remaining to be paid from these agreements is \$69,849 with the total commitment for each of the next four years as follows:

2021	\$ 33,722
2022	32,520
2023	2,405
2024	1,202

### 23. Comparative figures

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the consolidated financial statement presentation adopted for the current year.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 24. Budget

The budget bylaw adopted by Council March 23, 2020 was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while Canadian public sector accounting standards require a full accrual basis. As a result, the budget figures presented in the consolidated statement of operations and consolidated statement of changes in net debt represent the budget adopted by Council with the following adjustments:

Budgeted annual surplus	\$ 82,948
Add: Acquisition of tangible capital assets Repayment of long term debt	12,964,343 1,492,698
Less:	
Transfers (to) from reserves, net	(2,508,750)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	 (5,648,463)
Budgeted surplus per consolidated statement of operations	\$ 6,382,776

### 25. Impacts of COVID-19

Since December 31, 2019, the outbreak of COVID-19 and related global responses have caused material disruptions to businesses around the world, leading to an economic slowdown. Global equity markets have experienced significant volatility and weakness. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions. While governments and central banks have reacted with monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions, the duration and extent of the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time.

The Municipality had to limit activity during its fiscal year due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Municipality has not identified any events related to the COVID-19 pandemic which occurred during its fiscal year or were determined to be subsequent events, and therefore there has been no significant impact on the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as the impact on the financial position and results of the Municipality for future periods.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 26. Segmented reporting

The Municipality is a diverse municipal government that provides a wide range of services to its citizens. Segmented information has been identified for the service lines that reflect the way in which the operations are managed and resource needs are identified and budgeted. Municipal activities are reported by function in the body of the financial statements.

Certain departments that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

### General

The general provision of municipal services includes general government, fire services, transportation services, storm sewer services, planning and development, facilities, parks and cemeteries.

#### Water

The water operations install and maintain water capital infrastructure to ensure the safe supply, metering and cost recovery for all treated water to serviced areas within all urban and settlement areas of the Municipality.

### Wastewater

The wastewater operations install and maintain wastewater capital infrastructure and recover costs of providing this service within all urban and settlement areas of the Municipality.

### Storm sewer

The storm sewer operations install and maintain storm sewer capital infrastructure and recover costs of providing this service within all urban and settlement areas of the Municipality.

### Port Colborne Public Library Board

The Port Colborne Public Library Board provides library services, materials and facilities. The Municipality controls the board and consolidates the financial activities.

For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 1. The consolidated schedule of segment disclosure and the schedules of segment disclosure with budget information follow the notes.

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# City of Port Colborne Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

2020		\$ 19,763,302	13,237,369	4,760,830	443,497	223,743	1,158,861	39,587,602		15,475,741	6,901,787	9,424,460		292,218		72,233		914,759	143,212	5,652,879	1	38,877,289	\$ 710,313
Storm sewer		€	766,700	í	ř	â	i	766,700		47,076	70,653	160,273		1,201		,		199,174	,	363,382		841,759	\$ (75,059)
Wastewater		· •	5,259,575	i	Ü	ī		5,259,575		121,566	92,164	4,908,604		8,713		,		ı	1	368,763	221,208	5,721,018	\$ (461,443)
Water		· ₩	4,885,841	1	Ľ	). <b>I</b>	(6,158)	4,879,683		637,762	274,093	2,319,969		5,675		1		85,240	,	636,215	269,124	4,228,078	\$ 651,605
Levy		\$ 19,763,302	2,325,253	4,760,830	443,497	223,743	1,165,019	28,681,644		14,669,337	6,464,877	2,035,614		276,629		72,233		630,345	143,212	4,284,519	(490,332)	28,086,434	\$ 595,210
Eliminations		. ↔	a	(773,827)	E.	31	1	(773,827)		1	D	ál.		ı		1		3	1	r	(773,827)	(773,827)	ω
Library		. ↔	6,767	814,531	E.	368	1,775	823,441		565,221	132,139	36,009		75		1			į	75,910	1	809,354	\$ 14,087
General		\$ 19,763,302	2,318,486	4,720,126	443,497	223,375	1,163,244	28,632,030		14,104,116	6,332,738	1,999,605		276,554		72,233		630,345	143,212	4,208,609	rs 283,495	28,050,907	\$ 581,123
	Revenues	Taxation	User charges	Government transfers	Penalties and interest	Investment income	Other revenue		Expenses	Salaries and benefits	Materials	Contract services	Rents and	financial expenses	External transfers	to others	Interest on	long term debt	Tax write-offs	Amortization	Inter-functional transfers		Annual surplus (deficit) \$

# City of Port Colborne Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General	Library	Eliminations	Levy	Water	Wastewater	Storm sewer	2019
Revenues								
Taxation	\$ 18,668,245		· •	\$ 18,668,245	. ←	€9	. ↔	\$ 18,668,245
User charges	3,485,262	21,650	1	3,506,912	4,660,259	4,981,948	731,678	13,880,797
Government transfers	5,002,230	836,538	(766,432)	5,072,336	E	n	203,865	5,276,201
Penalties and interest	506,320	3	a	506,320	a de la composição de l	310	313	506,320
Investment income	305,984	1,372	1	307,356	1	1	ī	307,356
Other revenue	990,648	4,904		995,552	23,363	(4,633)	61,333	1,075,615
	28,958,689	864,464	(766,432)	29,056,721	4,683,622	4,977,315	936,876	39,714,534
Expenses								
Salaries and benefits	13,929,301	574,489	r	14,503,790	735,049	49,809	24,737	15,313,385
Materials	7,145,536	111,996	T	7,257,532	257,609	89,634	33,964	7,638,739
Contract services	2,061,244	32,674	ji	2,093,918	2,472,044	4,616,384	185,700	9,368,046
Rents and								
financial expenses	306,086	115	T	306,201	1,179	102	21,076	328,558
External transfers								
to others	86,488	r	ţ	86,488	1	Е	t	86,488
Interest on								
long term debt	655,411	1	1	655,411	91,502	1	193,006	939,919
Tax write-offs	221,773	ī	ľ	221,773		r	r	221,773
Amortization	4,165,473	76,817	1	4,242,290	620,272	367,226	281,199	5,510,987
Inter-functional transfers_	s 416,554		(766,432)	(349,878)	241,549	108,329		1
	28,987,866	796,091	(766,432)	29,017,525	4,419,204	5,231,484	739,682	39,407,895
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (29,177)	\$ 68,373	€	\$ 39,196	\$ 264,418	\$ (254,169)	\$ 257,194	\$ 306,639

		Budget 2020	Actual <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2019</u>
General				
Revenues Taxation User charges Government transfers Penalties and interest Investment income Other	\$	19,592,134 3,202,032 8,293,886 460,000 35,000 2,040,137	\$ 19,763,302 2,318,486 4,720,126 443,497 223,375 1,163,244 28,632,030	\$ 18,668,245 3,485,262 5,002,230 506,320 305,984 990,648
Expenses Salaries and wages Materials Contracted services Rents and financial expenses External transfers to others Interest on long term debt Tax write-offs Amortization Inter-functional transfers	_	13,283,340 6,906,650 2,056,319 155,244 95,624 632,842 237,000 4,204,193 283,495	14,104,116 6,332,738 1,999,605 276,554 72,233 630,345 143,212 4,208,609 283,495 28,050,907	13,929,301 7,145,536 2,061,244 306,086 86,488 655,411 221,773 4,165,473 416,554
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	5,768,482	\$ 581,123	\$ (29,177)

		Budget <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2019</u>
Library				
Revenues User charges Government transfers Investment income Other	\$	20,450 812,155 - 1,500	\$ 6,767 814,531 368 1,775	836,538 1,372
		834,105	823,441	864,464
Expenses Salaries and wages Materials Contracted services Rents and financial expenses Amortization		602,544 121,778 24,000 - 75,910	565,221 132,139 36,009 75 75,910	32,674 115
	-	824,232	809,354	796,091
Annual surplus	\$	9,873	\$ 14,087	\$ 68,373

Mater	Budget <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2019</u>
Water			
Revenues User charges Other	\$ 5,173,824 6,000	\$ 4,885,841 \$ (6,158) _	4,660,259 23,363
	5,179,824	4,879,683	4,683,622
Expenses Salaries and wages Materials Contracted services Rents and financial expenses Interest on long term debt Amortization Inter-functional transfers	790,145 308,681 2,589,263 4,580 87,296 636,215 269,606	 637,762 274,093 2,319,969 5,675 85,240 636,215 269,124 4,228,078	735,049 257,609 2,472,044 1,179 91,502 620,272 241,549 4,419,204
Annual surplus	\$ 494,038	\$ 651,605 \$	264,418

	Budget <u>2020</u>	Actual 2020		Actual <u>2019</u>
Wastewater				
Revenues User charges Other	\$ 5,980,429 8,000 5,988,429	5,259,575 \$	6	4,981,948 (4,633) 4,977,315
Expenses Salaries and wages Materials Contracted services Rents and financial expenses Amortization Inter-functional transfers	 354,379 206,290 4,699,799 2,153 368,763 221,208	 121,566 92,164 4,908,604 8,713 368,763 221,208		49,809 89,634 4,616,384 102 367,226 108,329
Annual (deficit) surplus	\$ 5,852,592 135,837	 5,721,018 (461,443) §	6	5,231,484 (254,169)

	Budget <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>	Actual <u>2019</u>
Storm sewer			
Revenues User charges Government transfers Other	\$ 775,279 <b>\$</b> - -	766,700 \$ - -	731,678 203,865 61,333
	 775,279	766,700	996,876
Expenses Salaries and wages Materials Contracted services Rents and financial expenses Interest on long term debt Amortization	 87,655 73,417 86,655 454 189,170 363,382	47,076 70,653 160,273 1,201 199,174 363,382	24,737 33,964 185,700 21,076 193,006 281,199
Annual (deficit) surplus	\$ (25,454) \$	(75,059) \$	257,194



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### Independent auditor's report

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Taxpayers of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Trust Funds of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne ("the Funds"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust Funds of the Corporation of the City of Port Colborne as at December 31, 2020, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Funds in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Funds or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Funds' financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a quarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Port Colborne, Canada June 14, 2021

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

# City of Port Colborne Trust Funds Statement of Financial Position

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2019	90,347 3,849 353,507	447,832
	↔	8
2020	91,089	463,342
	<del>∨</del>	<b>↔</b>
Roselawn <u>Centre</u>	53,237	53,237
	↔	↔
Overholt Cemetery	500	366,451
	↔	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$
Sherkston <u>Trust</u>	5,910	11,712
	€	↔
Fulton Trust	1,047	1,047
	↔	$\Theta$
Julia Yager <u>Trust</u>	7,401	7,401
ĺ	↔	↔
Local mprovements	23,494	23,494
Idml	₩	$\boldsymbol{\varphi}$
	Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from City of Port Colborne Investments Accrued interest	Net assets

Impacts of COVID-19 (Note 3)

City of Port Colborne Trust Funds Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

2019	7,010	15,407	22,417	5,443	16,974	430,858	447,832	
	8	1		l			69	
2020	7,461	13,387	20,848	5,338	15,510	447,832	463,342	
	↔	-		ļ		J	↔	
Roselawn <u>Centre</u>	423		423		423	52,814	53,237	
	€	l				1	↔	
Overholt	6,774	13,387	20,161	5,338	14,823	351,628	366,451	
	\$						↔	
Sherkston <u>Trust</u>	74		74	1	74	11,638	11,712	
	8						€9	
Fulton Trust	t	r	1	3	ī	1,047	1,047	
	↔						↔	
Julia Yager <u>Trust</u>	2	ř.	7	1	2	7,399	7,401	
,	↔						€	
Local	188		188	1	188	23,306	23,494	
<u>m</u>	€9				Φ	<u>"</u>	↔	
	Revenues Interest Demotrial trust	contributions		Expenses Transfers to revenue fund	Excess of revenue over expenses	Net assets Beginning of year	End of year	

### City of Port Colborne Trust Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		2020	2019
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Operating activities Excess of revenues over expenses Decrease in due from City of Port Colborne Decrease (increase) in accrued interest	\$	15,510 \$ 3,349 129	16,974 3,147 (2)
	-	18,988	20,119
Investing activities Increase in investments - net		(18,246)	(18,588)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		742	1,531
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		90,347	88,816
End of year	\$	91,089 \$	90,347

# City of Port Colborne Trust Funds Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

### Management responsibility

The financial statements are the responsibility of and prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

### (a) Basis of accounting

Sources of revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenues in the period they are earned and measurable and expenses in the period the goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred.

### (b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by cash on hand, cash on deposit in chartered banks and investments that mature within three months.

### (c) Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments are valued at the lower of cost and market value. Interest income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

### (d) Financial instruments

Initial measurement

The Trust Funds financial instruments are measured at fair value when issued or acquired. For financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost, fair value is adjusted by the amount of the related financing fees and transaction costs. Transaction costs and financing fees relating to financial instruments that are measured subsequently at fair value are recognized in operations in the year in which they are incurred.

### Subsequent measurement

At each reporting date, the Trust Funds measure their financial assets and liabilities at cost. The financial instruments measured at cost are cash investments, interest receivable and due from revenue fund.

For financial assets measured at cost, the Trust Funds regularly assesses whether there are any indications of impairment. If there is an indication of impairment, and the Trust Funds determine that there is a significant adverse change in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset, it recognizes an impairment loss in the statement of operations. Any reversals of previously recognized impairment losses are recognized in operations in the year the reversal occurs.

# City of Port Colborne Trust Funds Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### 2. Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments consist of money market, bond and equity funds with annual interest rates ranging from 0.30% to 3.20% and a guaranteed investment certificate with an annual interest rate of 0.25% maturing December, 2021. Portfolio investments have an estimated market value of \$432,277 (2019 - \$409,715).

### 3. Impacts of COVID-19

Since December 31, 2019, the outbreak of COVID-19 and related global responses have caused material disruptions to businesses around the world, leading to an economic slowdown. Global equity markets have experienced significant volatility and weakness. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions. While governments and central banks have reacted with monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions, the duration and extent of the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time.

The Trust Funds have not identified any events related to the COVID-19 pandemic which occurred during its fiscal year or were determined to be subsequent events, and therefore there has been no impact on the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as the impact on the financial position and results of the Trust Funds for future periods.